

Higgs production at the LHC at NNLO

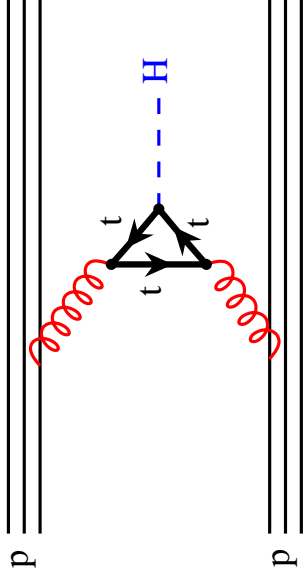
R. Harlander and W. Kilgore
Brookhaven National Laboratory

[hep-ph/0102241](#), PRD in print.

see also: [Catani, de Florian, Grazzini, [hep-ph/0102227](#)]

What am I going to say?

- gluon fusion: dominant Higgs production mechanism at LHC

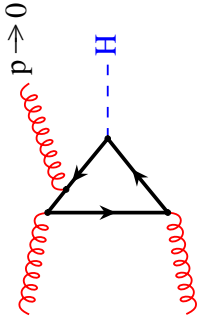


- NLO corrections are huge: 50-100%

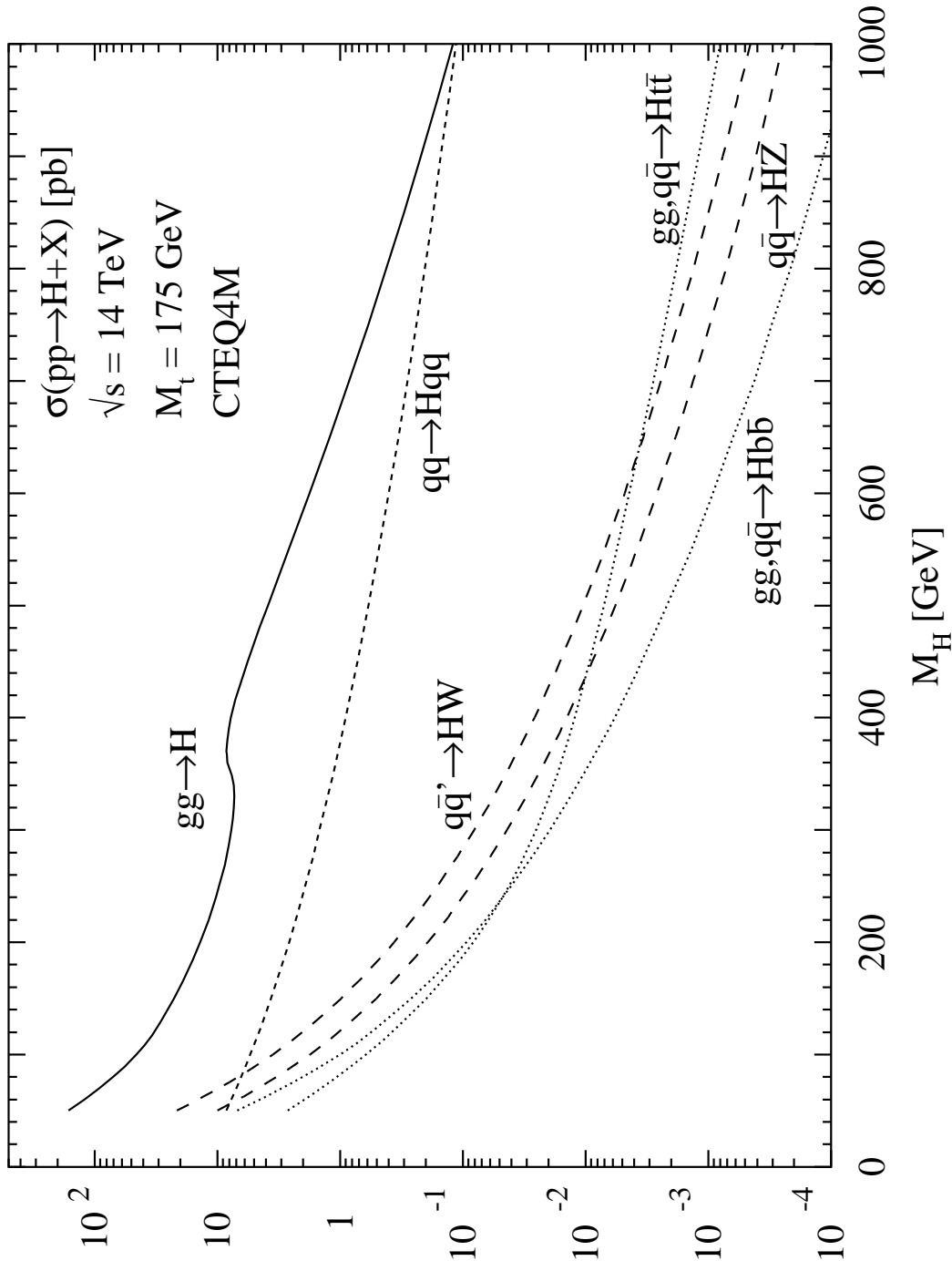
- NNLO — with approximations:

1. limit $4m_t^2 \gg M_H^2$ OK! $[M_H^2 / (4m_t^2) \approx 0.1]$

2. soft gluons: i.e. $M_H^2 / \hat{s} \equiv x \rightarrow 1$?

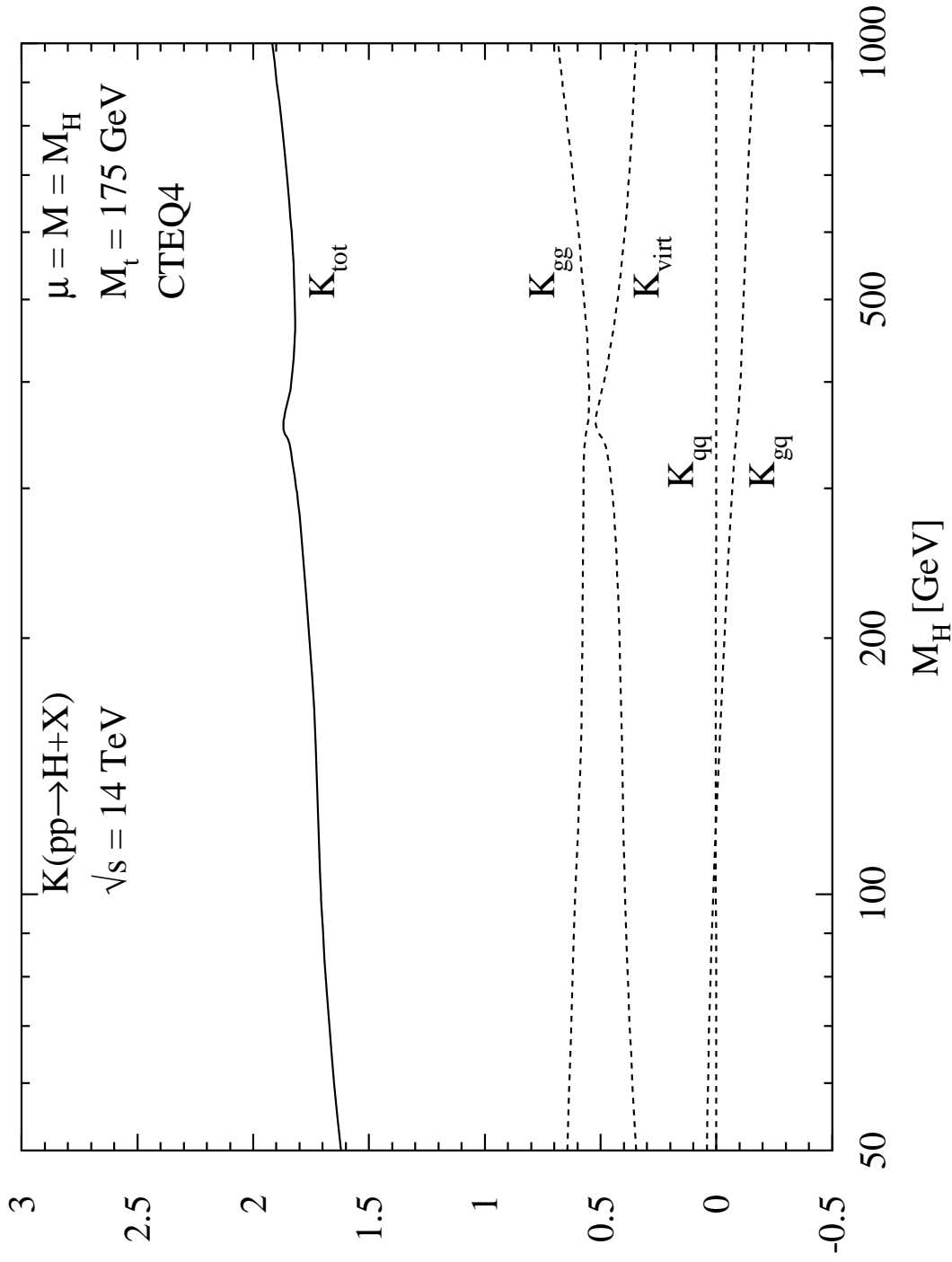


Higgs production at the LHC



taken from [Spira '97]

NLO K-factor

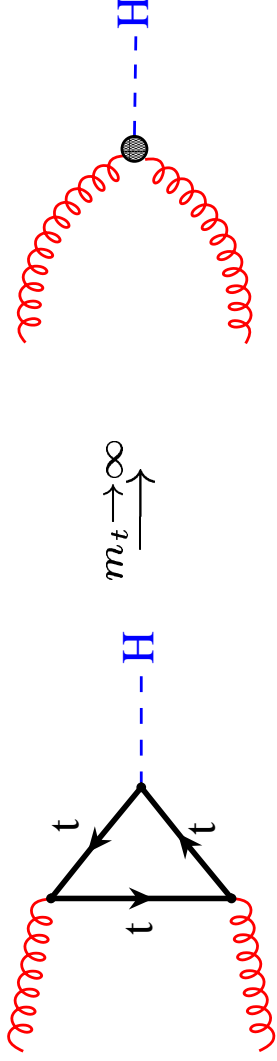


taken from [Spira '97]

Effective Lagrangian

Integrating out the top quark:

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}} = C(\alpha_s) H G_{\mu\nu}^a G^{a,\mu\nu}$$



$C(\alpha_s)$: remnant of top triangle (contains $\ln m_t$!)

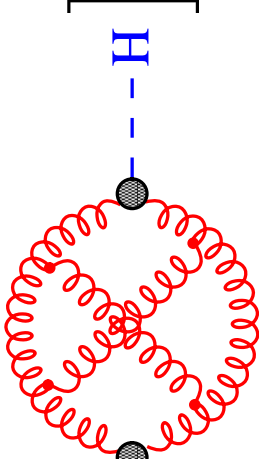
known to $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^4)$ [Chetyrkin, Kniehl, Steinhauser '98]

LO result:

$$\sigma_{\text{LO}}(gg \rightarrow H) = \frac{G_F \alpha_s^2}{288\sqrt{2}\pi} \delta(1-x), \quad x \equiv M_H^2/s$$

“Reverse” Process: $H \rightarrow gg + X$

- inclusive process: use optical theorem:

$$\Gamma(H \rightarrow gg + X) \sim \text{Im} \left[\text{H} \text{---} \text{---} \text{---} \text{H} \right]$$


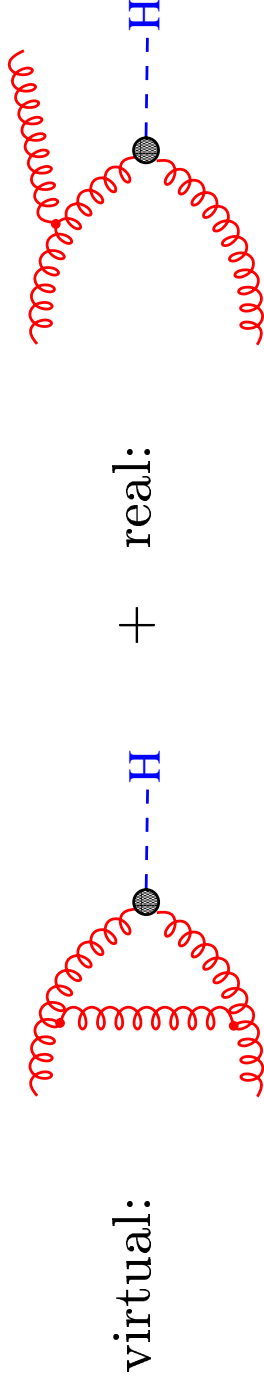
- use well known tools for 3-loop 2-point functions
- result [Chetyrkin, Kniehl, Steinhauser '97]:

$$\Gamma(H \rightarrow gg + X) = \Gamma_0 \left[1 + \underbrace{0.66}_{\text{NLO}} + \underbrace{0.21}_{\text{NNLO}} \right]$$

- large corrections, but good convergence

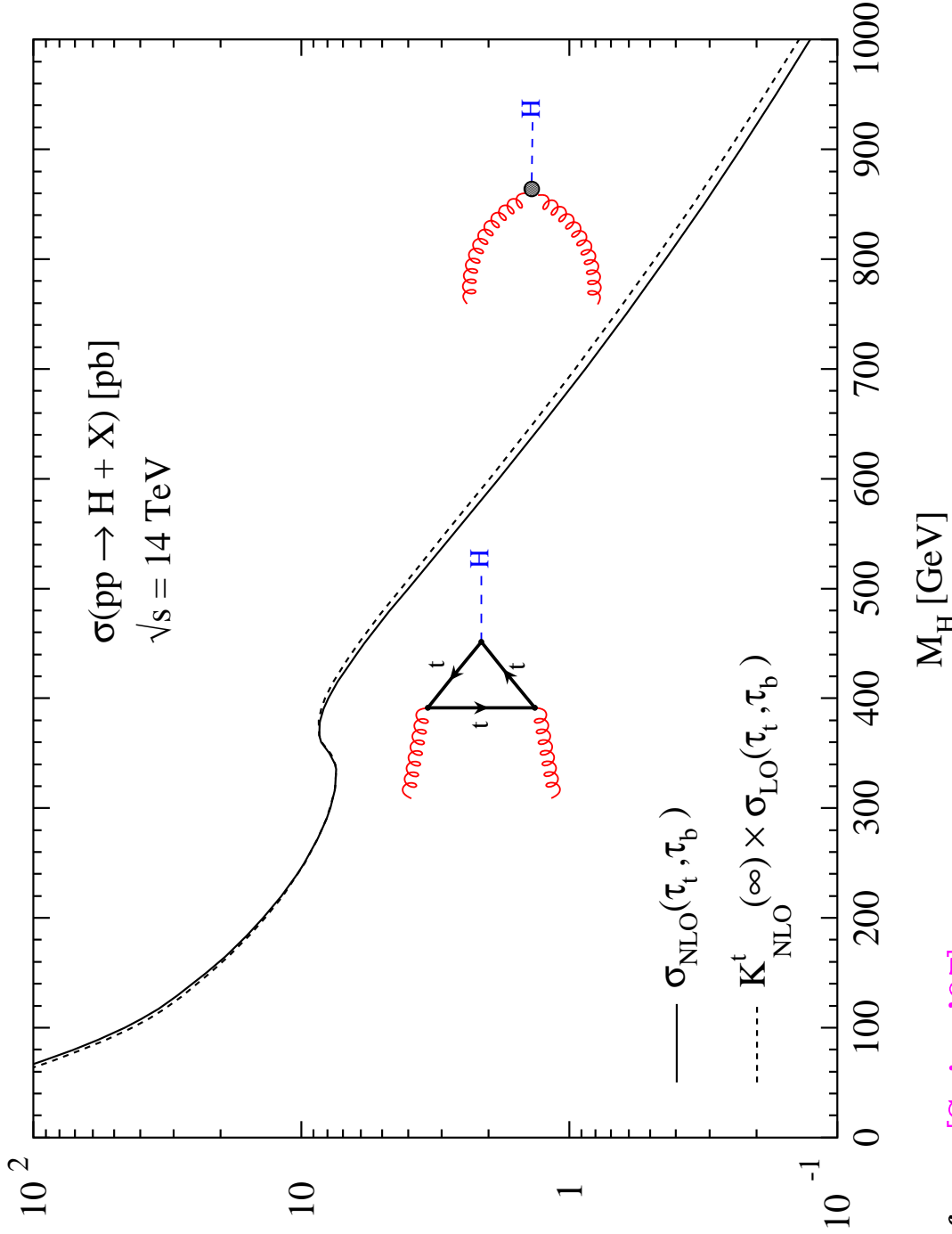
NLO

[S. Dawson '91], [Djouadi, Spira, Zerwas '91]



- NLO corrections are huge!
- effective theory ($m_t \rightarrow \infty$) is excellent approximation
 - subleading m_t terms: [Dawson, Kauffman '92]
 - full m_t dependence (numerical): [Graudenz, Spira, Zerwas '93]

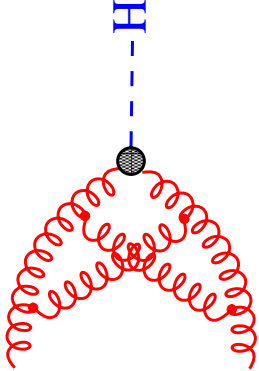
NLO – effective/full theory



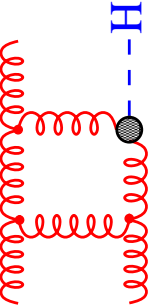
taken from [Spira '97]

NNLO

Different contributions:

- virtual 2-loop:
[R.H. '00]

 $\sim \delta(1 - x), \quad x = \frac{M_H^2}{s}$

more complicated

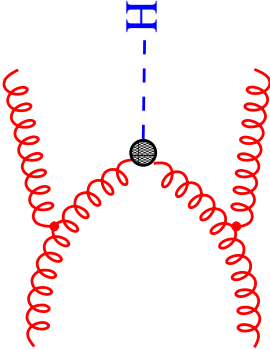
- real, 1-loop:


dependence on

$$x = \frac{M_H^2}{s}$$

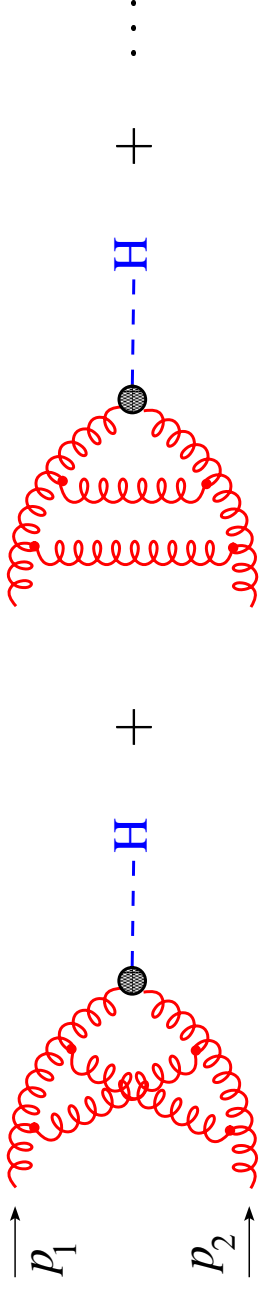
first step: soft

limit, i.e. $x \rightarrow 1$

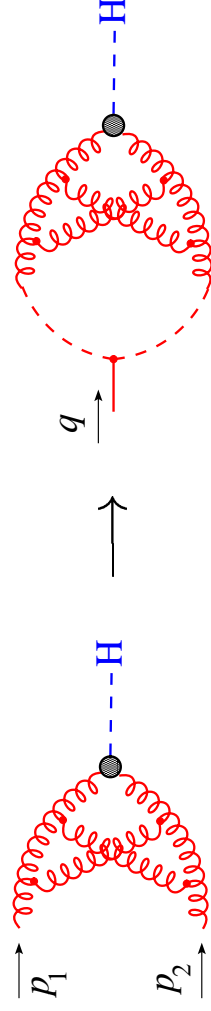
- tree:


NNLO: Virtual Corrections

[R.H., PLB 492 (2000) 367]



- external gluons are **on-shell**: $p_1^2 = p_2^2 = 0$
 \Rightarrow result depends only on $q^2 = (p_1 + p_2)^2 = M_H^2$
- map **2-loop vertex diagrams** to **3-loop propagators**:
[Baikov, Smirnov '00]



evaluate analytically:

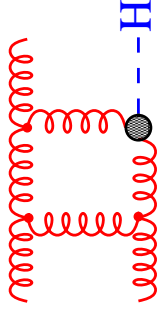
“Integration-by-parts”

[Chetyrkin,

Tkachov '81]

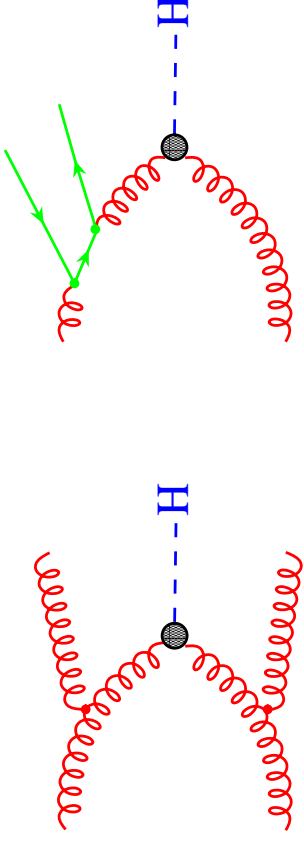
NNLO: Real Radiation

1-loop single:



- amplitude: [C. Schmidt '97]
- phase space integration:
full dependence on $x = M_H^2/s$: [Kilgore '01 (in prep.)]
(here only soft limit: $x \rightarrow 1$)

tree-level double:



- general x -dependence: very hard!
(cf. Drell-Yan [Matsuura, v.d. Marck, v. Neerven '89])
- soft limit: $x \rightarrow 1$
 - $\delta(1-x)$: cf. virtual corrections
 - $\frac{\ln^n(1-x)}{1-x}$: “large logarithms”
 - other terms (e.g. $\ln^n(1-x)$, $(1-x)^n$) are dropped
 - \Rightarrow phase space integration greatly simplifies!
- question: Is this a good approximation?

Partonic cross section

virtual + single real + double real \rightarrow finite!

\rightarrow strong check on individual terms!

other checks: RG invariance, Sudakov resummation, ...

result:

[R.H., W. Kilgore, hep-ph/0102241]

[S. Catani, D. de Florian, M. Grazzini, hep-ph/0102227]

$$\sigma(gg \rightarrow H) = \frac{\pi}{576v^2} \left(\frac{\alpha_s}{\pi} \right)^2 (1 + \underbrace{0.548}_{\text{NLO}} + \underbrace{0.107}_{\text{NNLO}}) \delta(1-x) + \text{“large logarithms”} + \dots$$

\rightarrow nice convergence!

Collinear Resummation

- observation at NLO: soft approximation **insufficient**
- including **non-soft terms** $\sim \ln^n(1-x)$: **good approximation**
at NLO and – for Drell-Yan – also at NNLO
- \Rightarrow derive leading **non-soft terms** for $gg \rightarrow H$ at NNLO from
resummation formula [Krämer, Laenen, Spira '98]

- result:

$$\text{NLO: } \delta(1-x), \quad \frac{\ln^n(1-x)}{1-x} \quad (n=0, 1) \quad \rightarrow \text{soft}$$

$$\ln(1-x) \quad \rightarrow \text{collinear}$$

$$\text{NNLO: } \delta(1-x), \quad \frac{\ln^n(1-x)}{1-x} \quad (n=0, 1, 2, 3) \quad \rightarrow \text{soft}$$

$$\ln^3(1-x) \quad \rightarrow \text{collinear}$$

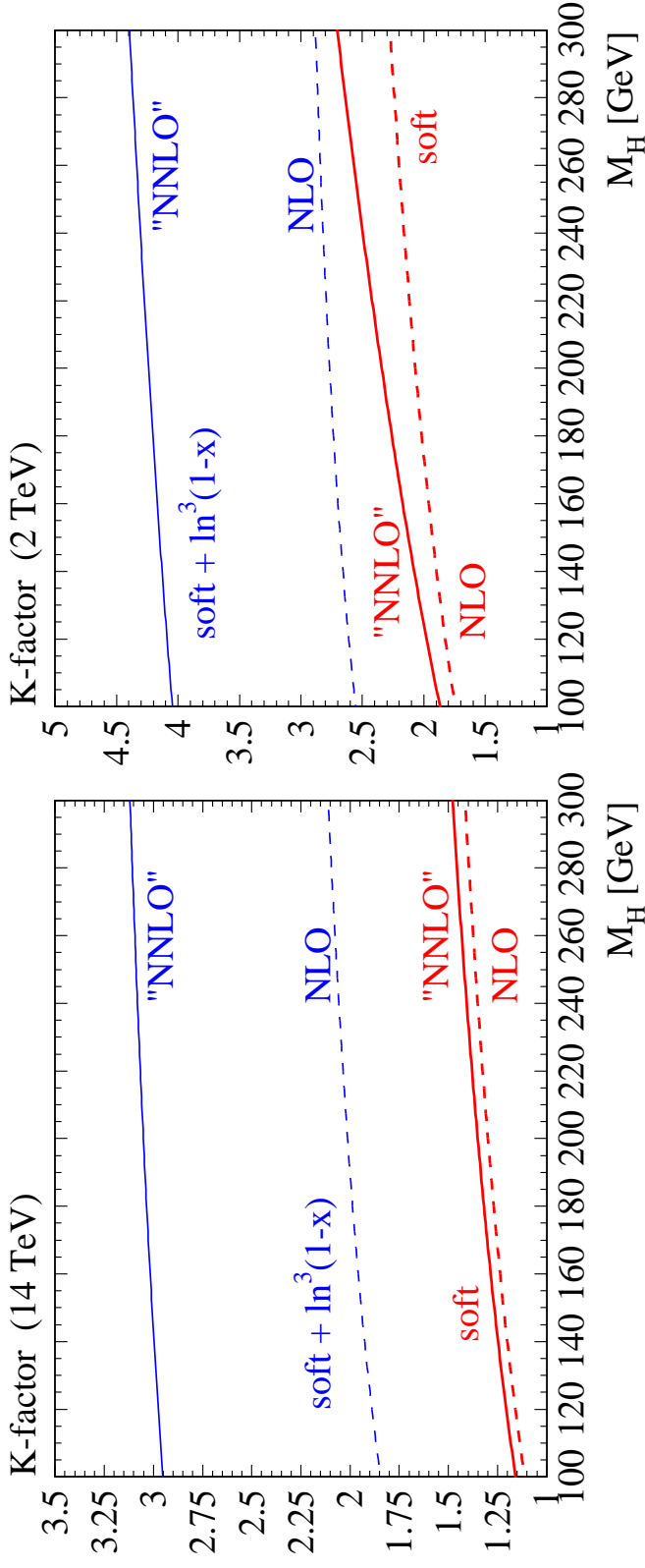
Hadronic Cross Section

- convolution with **parton distribution functions**:

$$\sigma_{pp \rightarrow H}(\mathbf{s}) = \int dx_1 dx_2 g(x_1) g(x_2) \sigma_{gg \rightarrow H}(\mathbf{s}/x_1 x_2)$$

- ⇒ NNLO pdf's not yet available!
- use NLO pdf's at NNLO → **inconsistency!**
- use **caution** in interpretation of hadronic NNLO results

Results



- “subleading” terms $\sim \ln^3(1-x)$ dominate!
- “NNLO”: pdf’s not yet available
- need contributions from hard gluons!

Conclusions

- NLO QCD corrections to $gg \rightarrow H$ up to 100%
 \Rightarrow NNLO required
- here: soft + virtual contributions
- first step towards full calculation
(but numerically sub-dominant)
- partonic results: good convergence
- outlook: full calculation, application to SUSY Higgs