

ν Oscillations in the 'Solar Sector' and the Sudbury Neutrino Observatory

Aspen Winter 2005: The Highest ~~Energy~~^{velocity} Physics



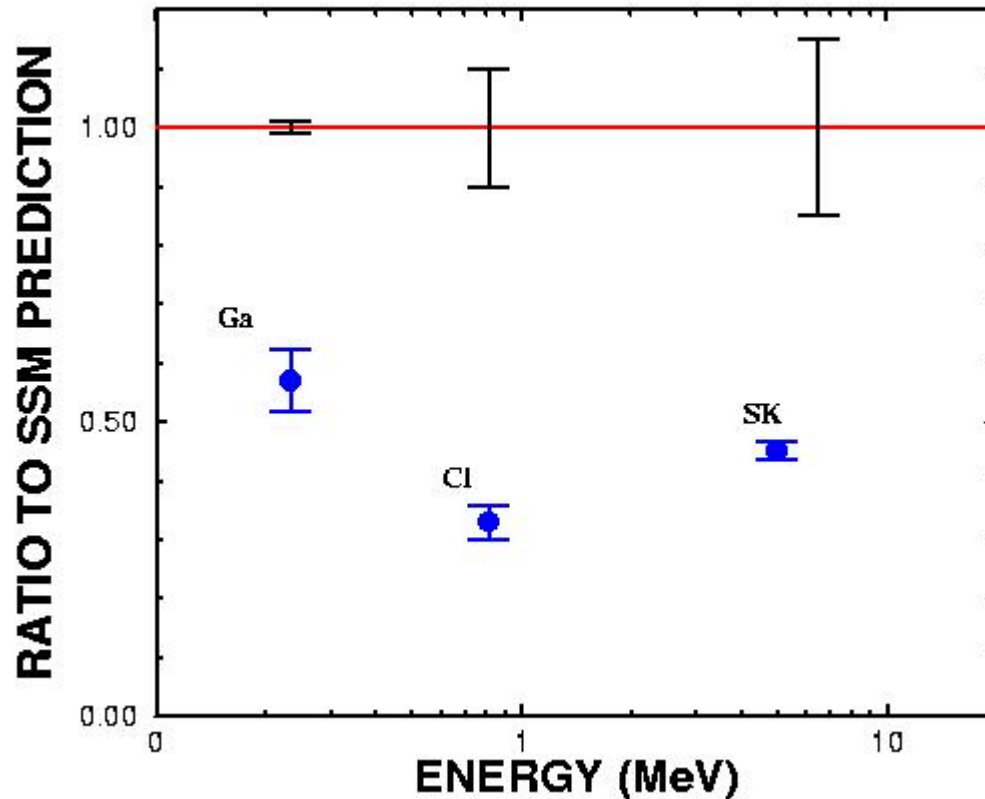
- **Testing the New Neutrino Model**
- **Upcoming Results**
- **Future Physics**
- **SNO Phase III Status**

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After Six Solar ν Experiments

- 3 Gallium (Radiochemical)
- 1 Chlorine (Radiochemical)
- Kamiokande + Super-Kamiokande (Water Cerenkov)



ν Reactions in SNO

CC



- Good measurement of ν_e energy spectrum
- Weak directional sensitivity $\propto 1 - 1/3 \cos(\theta)$

NC



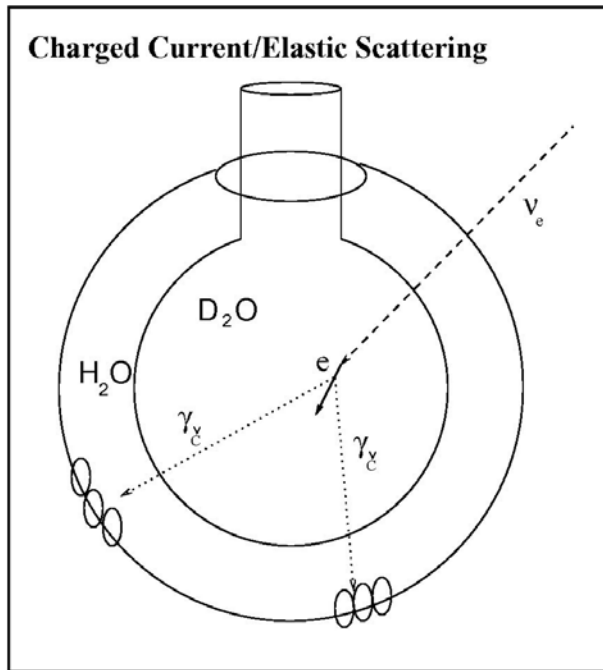
- Measure total ${}^8\text{B}$ ν flux from the sun.
- Equal cross section for all ν types

ES

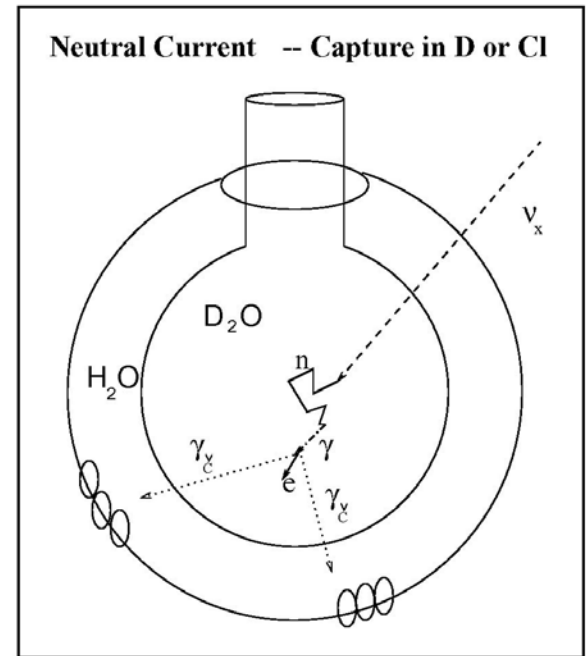


- Mainly sensitive to ν_e , some sensitivity to ν_μ and ν_τ
- Strong directional sensitivity

Charged Current/Elastic Scattering



Neutral Current -- Capture in D or Cl

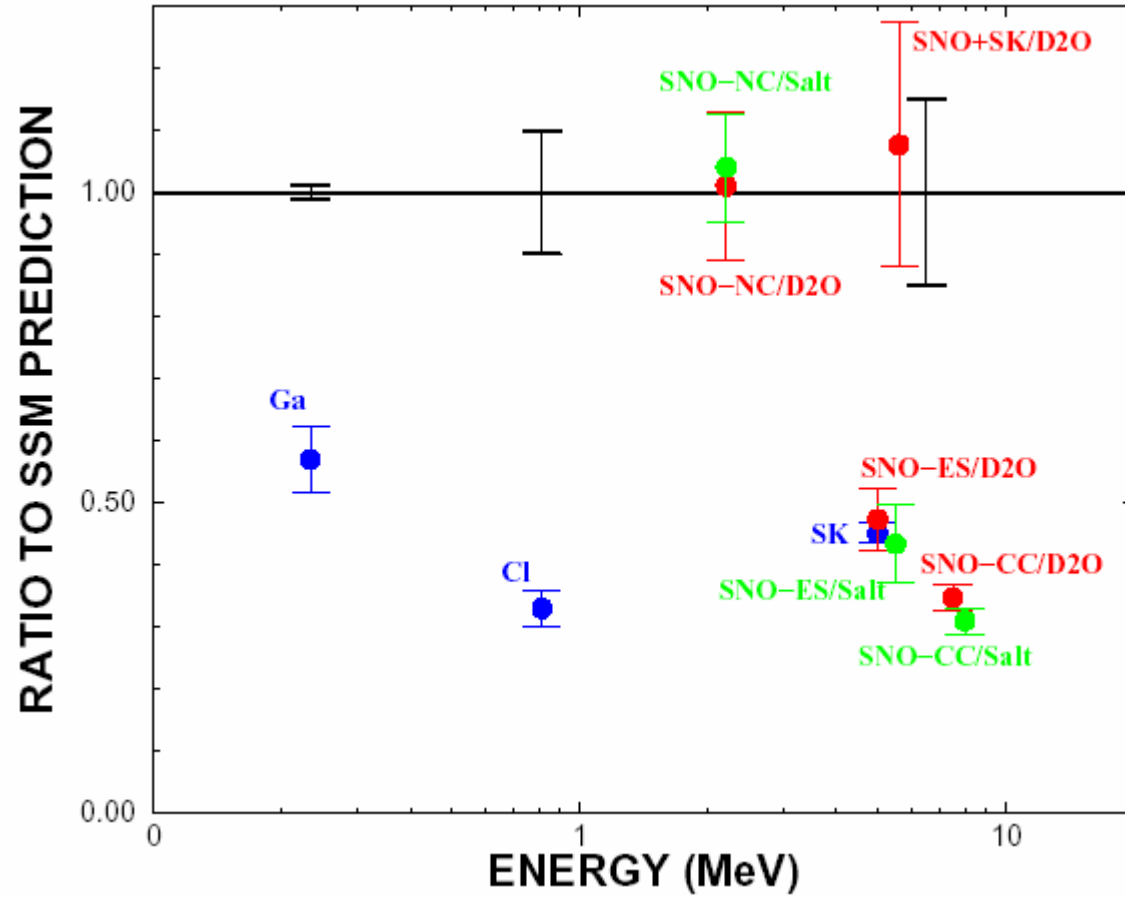


The Three Phases

- **Phase I: Pure D₂O**
 - Simple detector configuration, clean measurement
 - Low neutron sensitivity
 - Poor discrimination between neutrons and electrons
- **Phase II: D₂O + NaCl**
 - Very good neutron sensitivity
 - Better neutron electron separation
- **Phase III: D₂O + ³He Proportional Counters**
 - Good neutron sensitivity
 - Great neutron/electron separation

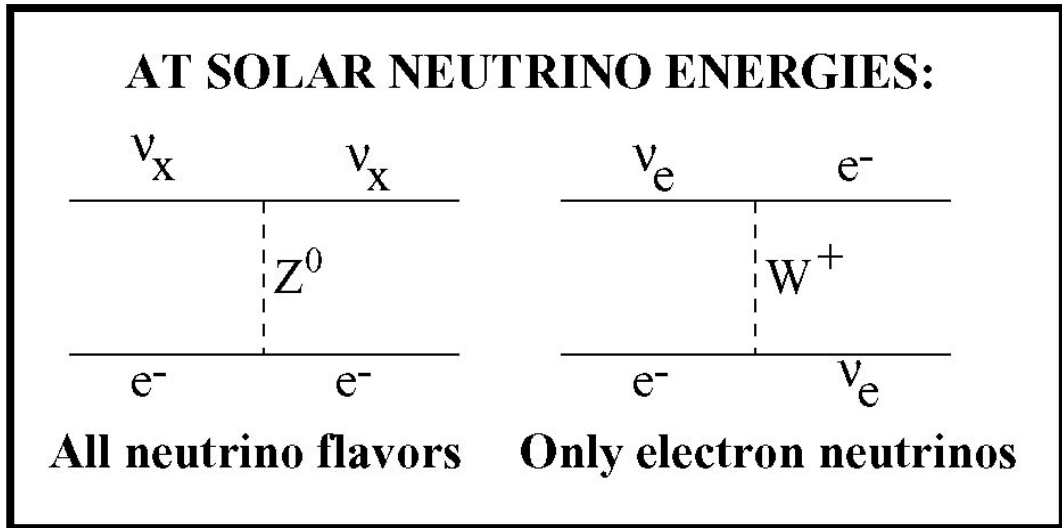
Phase I + First Phase II Results

➤ SNO Compared to Other Solar Expts.



But the new neutrino model makes other predictions besides fluxes...

Matter (MSW) Effects



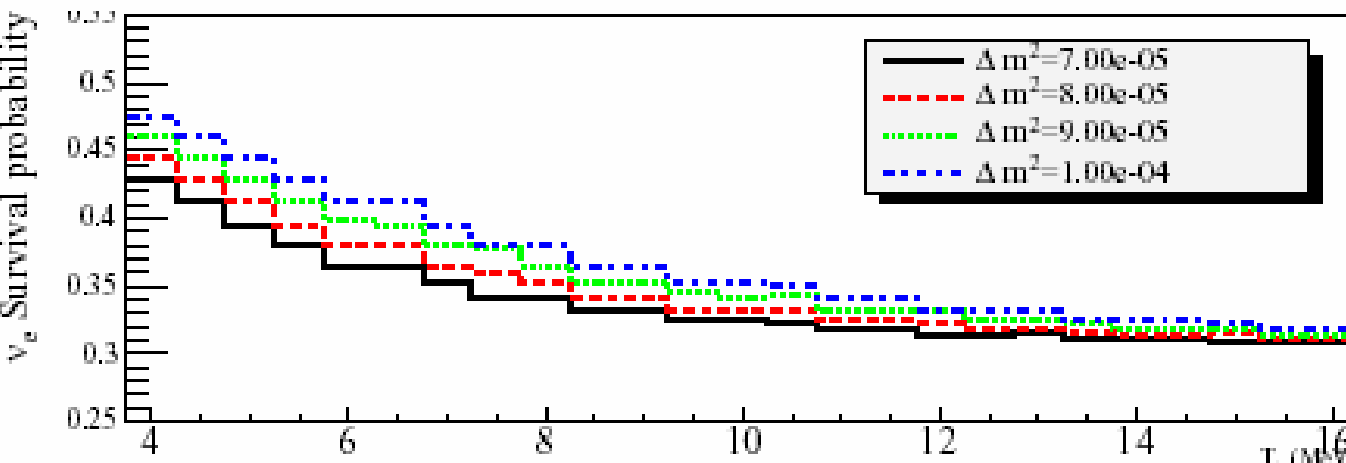
$$\sigma(\nu_{\mu,\tau}) = 0.155\sigma(\nu_e)$$

Day/Night ν_e Asymmetry



Rise in Survival Probability at low E_ν

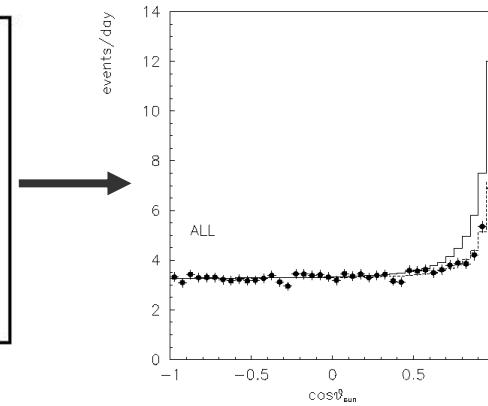
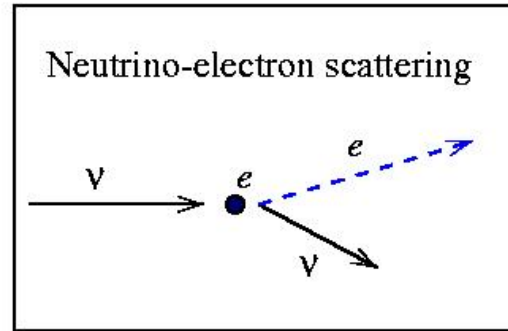
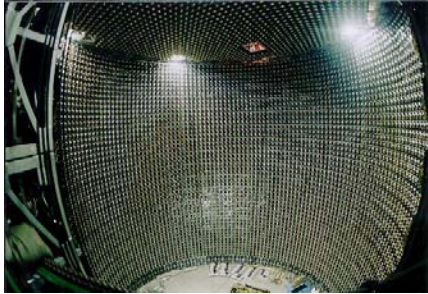
$$\tan^2\theta = 0.400$$



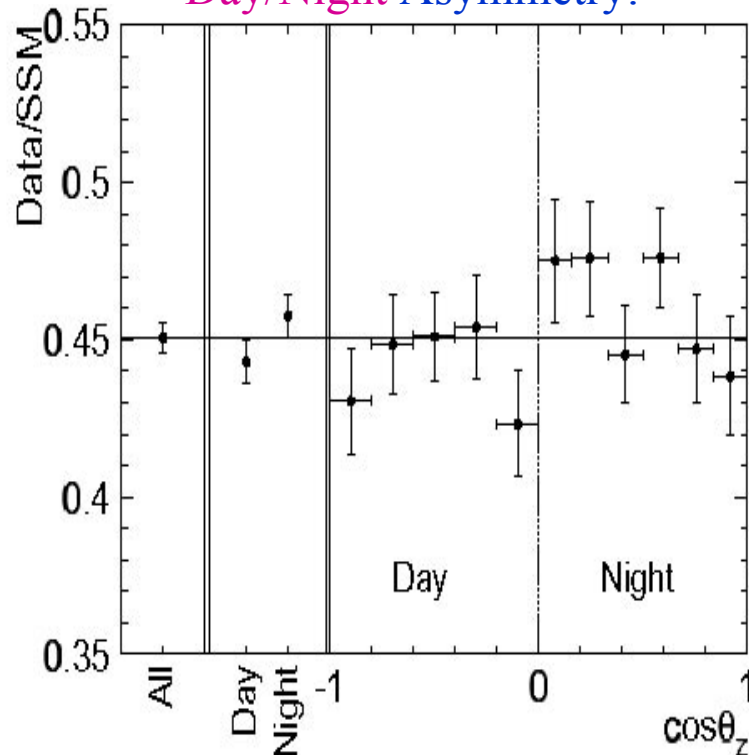
Generally speaking, neutrino oscillations in matter provide a resonant interferometer to detect very small effects.

Spectral Shape/Earth Regeneration

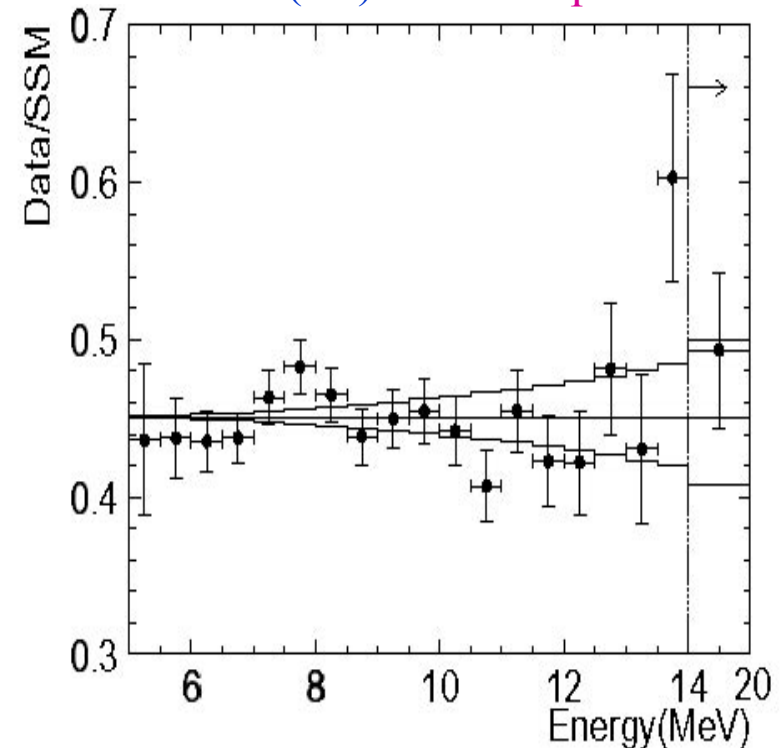
➤ Super-Kamiokande



Day/Night Asymmetry:



Recoil (ES) electron spectrum:



Spectral Shape/Earth Regeneration

➤ SNO

Day/Night Asymmetry? (A_{CC} or A_{NC})?



A_{NC} Unconstrained:

$$A_{CC} = 14.0\% \pm 6.3\%_{-1.4\%}^{+1.5\%}$$

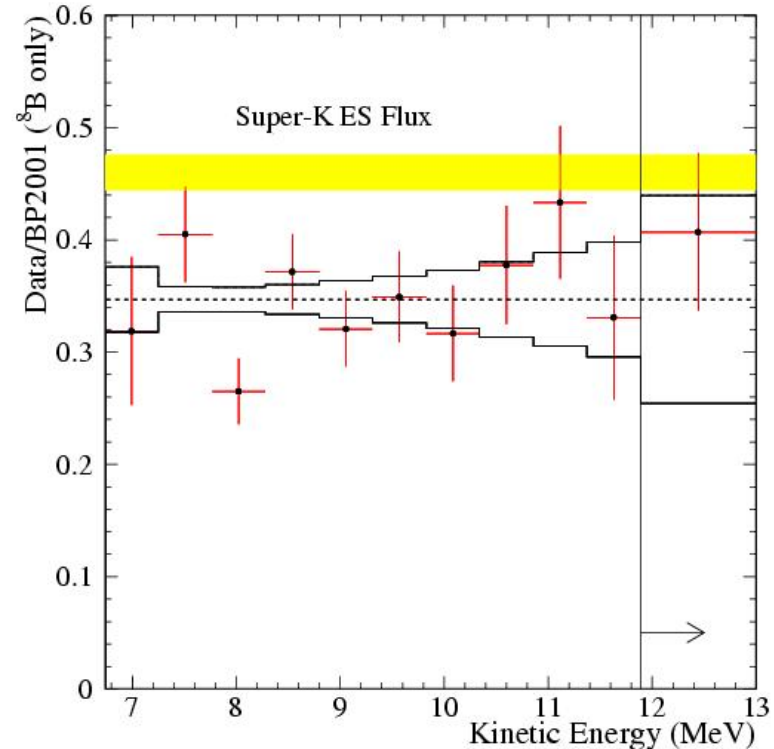
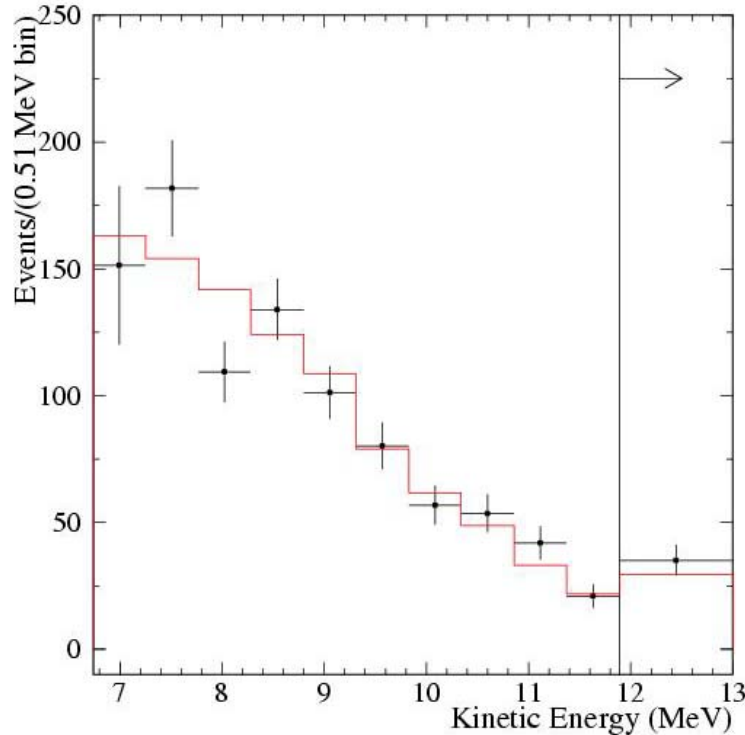
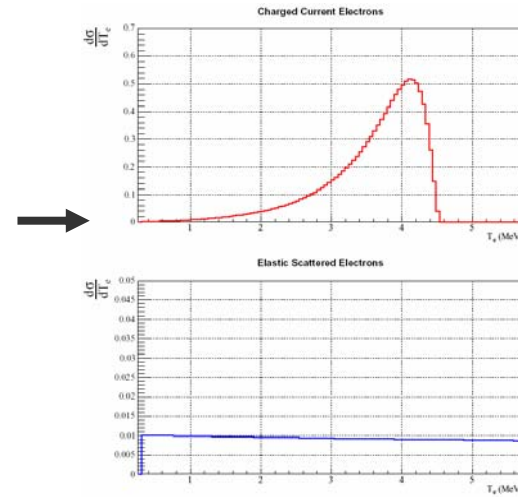
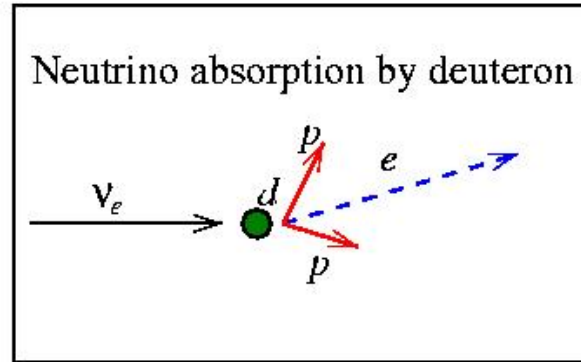
$A_{NC} = 0$:

$$A_E = 7.0\% \pm 4.9\%_{-1.2\%}^{+1.3\%}$$

Spectral Shape/Earth Regeneration

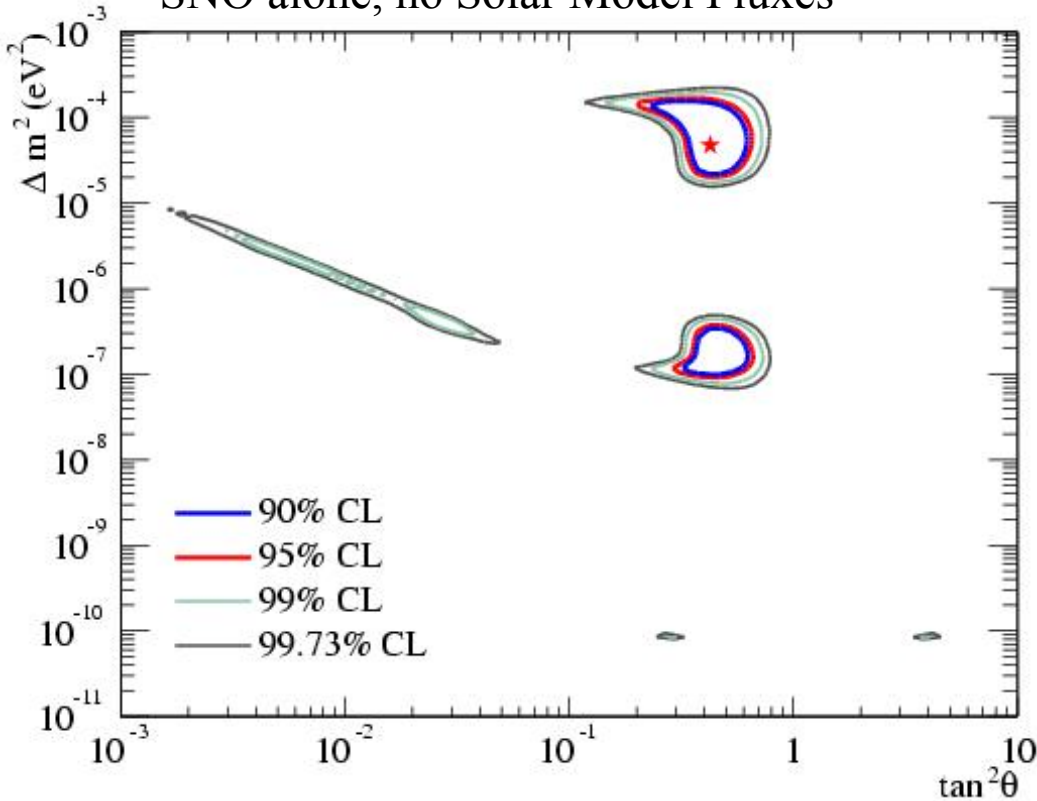
➤ SNO

CC reaction has good energy response

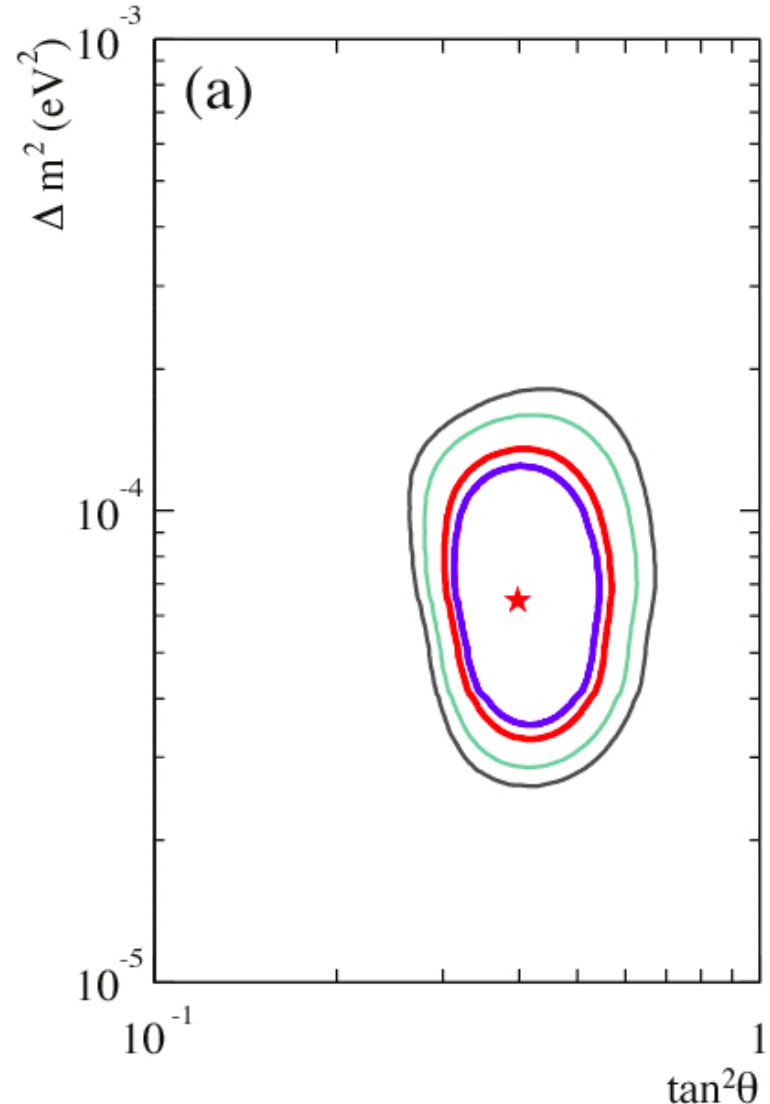


Solar Sector (1,2) Mixing Parameters

SNO alone, no Solar Model Fluxes



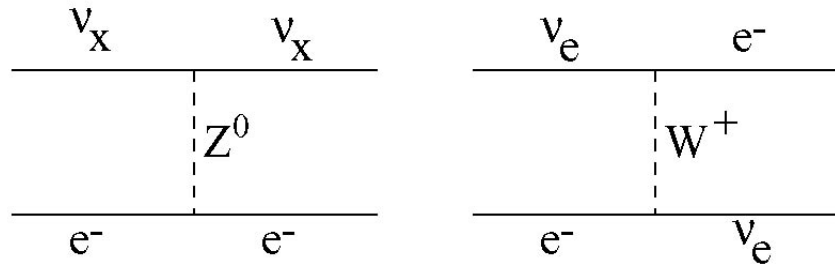
Maximal mixing ruled out at $\sim 3 \sigma$



All Solar Experiments+Model Constraints

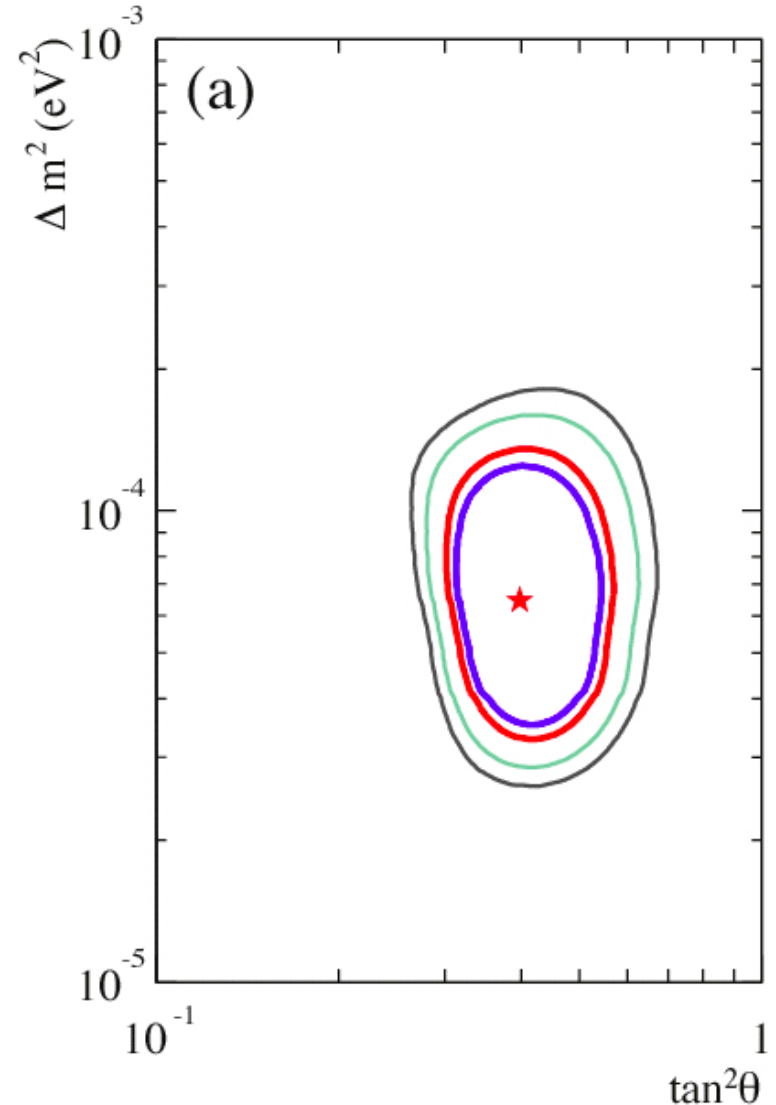
Notes On 'Solar Sector' Parameters ($\Delta m^2_{12}, \sin^2 2\theta_{12}$)

Parameters measured by solar experiments
require matter (MSW) effect:



All neutrino flavors **Only electron neutrinos**

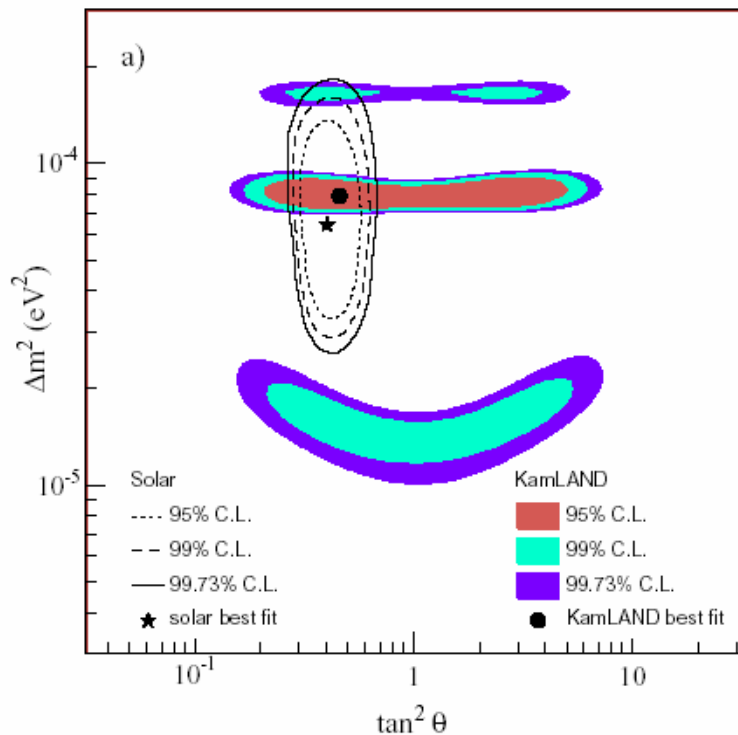
but specific signatures of MSW effect are
as yet unobserved ('unlucky' parameters).



Testing the New Neutrino Model

Is our model of neutrino mixing and oscillation complete, or are there other mechanisms at work?

Given KamLAND measurements, model *predicts* solar parameters

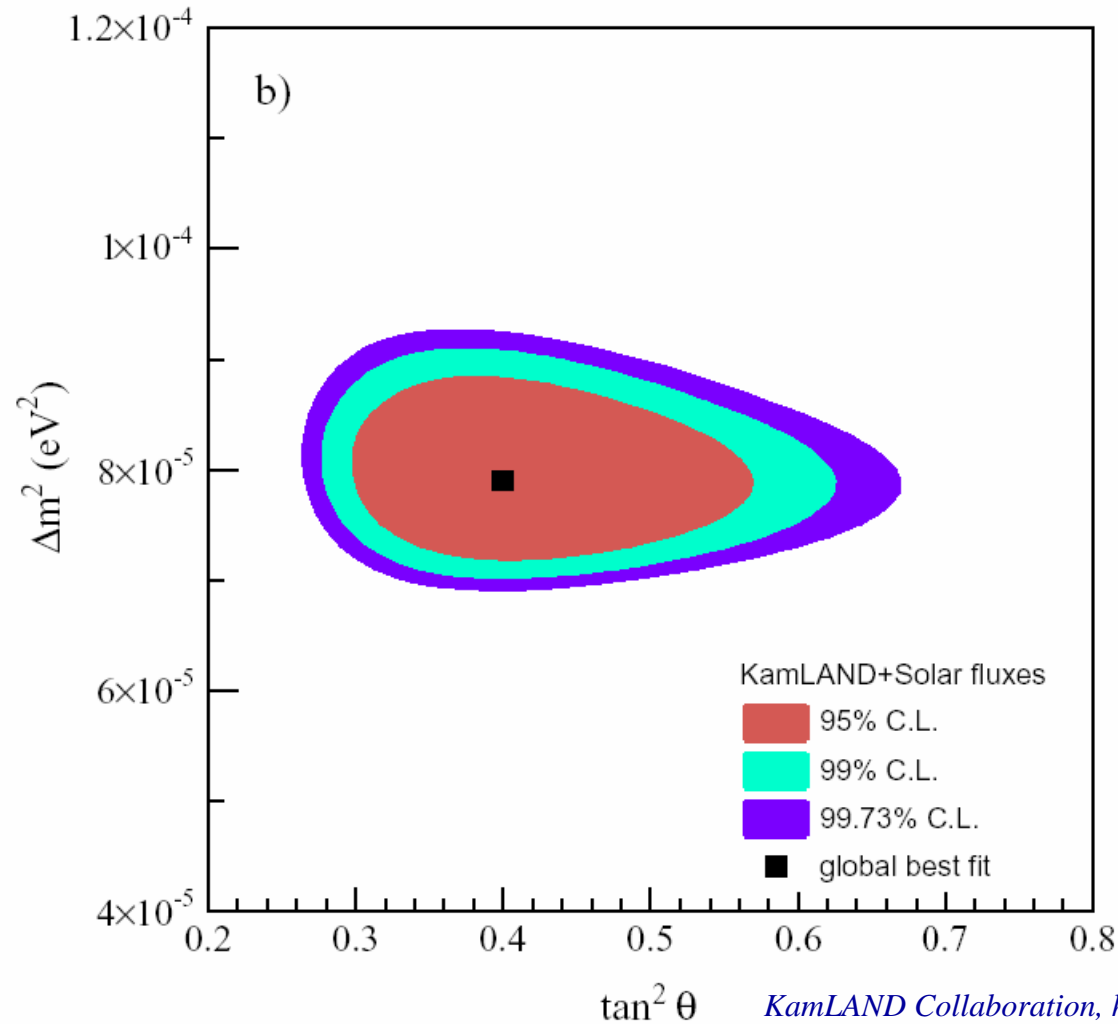


KamLAND Collaboration, hep-ex/0406035, 11/1/2004

	Reactor	Solar
E	2-10 MeV	0.1-15 MeV
L	150 km	1.5×10^8 km
MSW	No	Yes
ν	Anti-ν_e	ν_e

Only(?) Standard Model predicts these 2 experimental regimes see the same effect

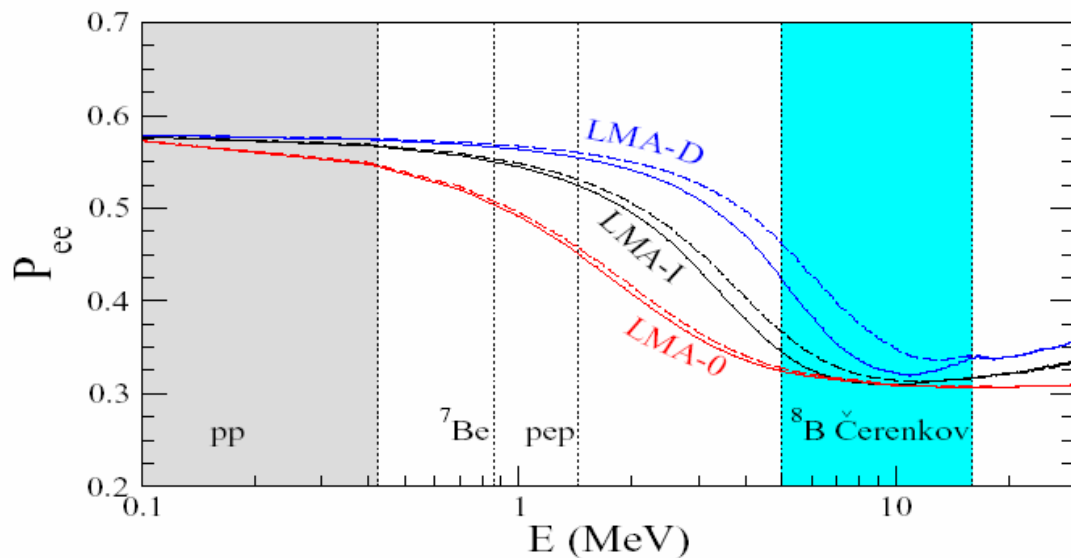
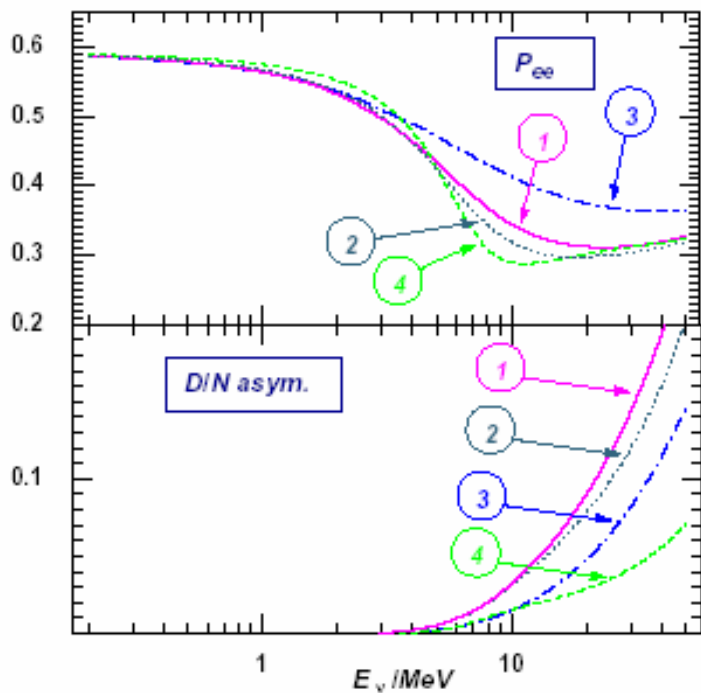
All Solar Results+KamLAND



Maximal mixing ruled out at 5.4σ

Testing the New Neutrino Model

Resonant neutrino 'interferometry' allows us to look for even very small new interactions, which will look like an 'MSW'-like effect



Miranda, Tortola, and Valle, hep-ph/0406280v2

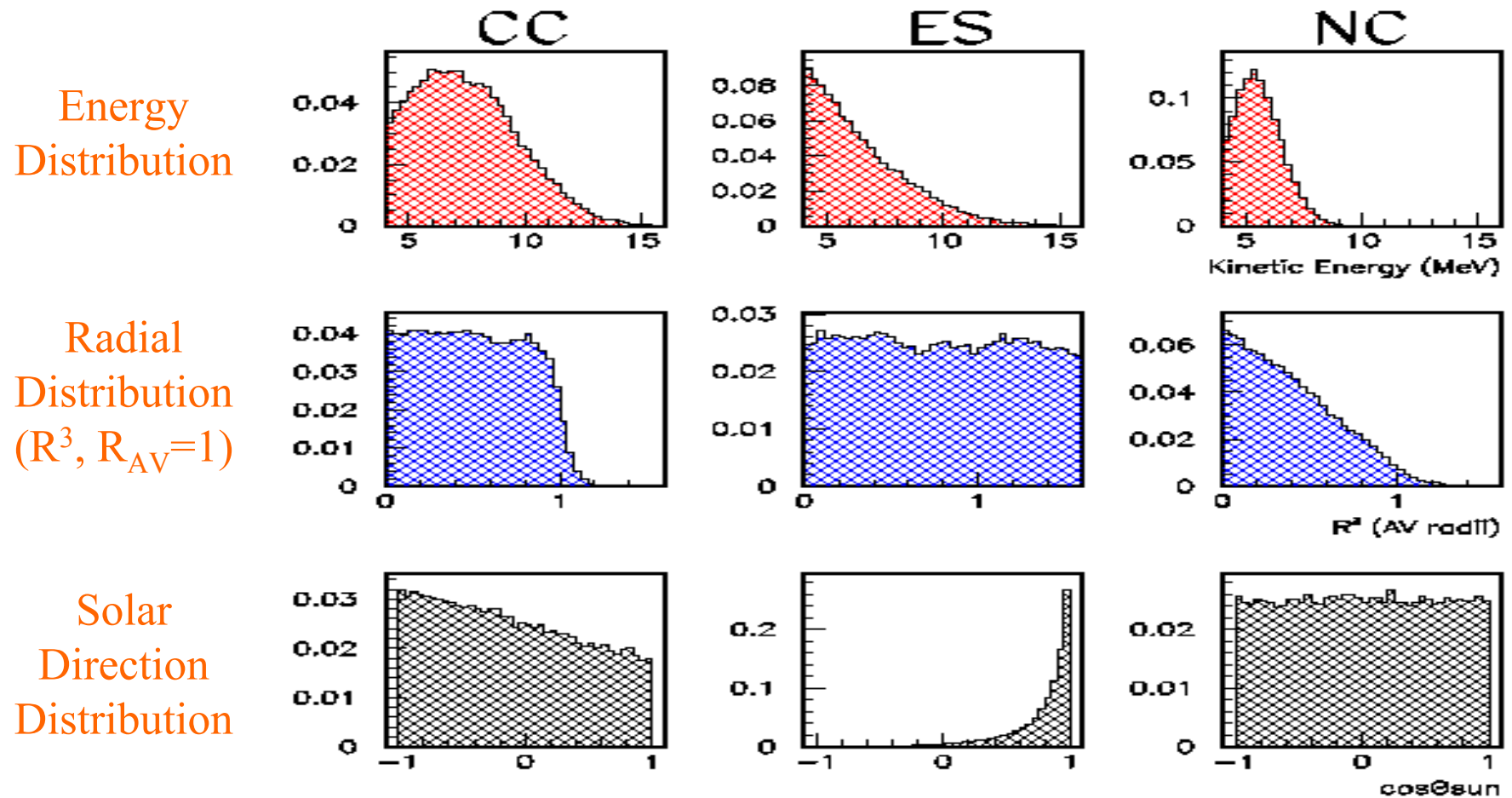
*Friedland, Lunardini, and Peña-Garay,
Phys. Lett.B594:347,2004*

Sterile neutrinos will disappear from ν_e spectrum but not reappear in NC rate

So how do we do further tests?

SNO Phase I: Extracting Signals

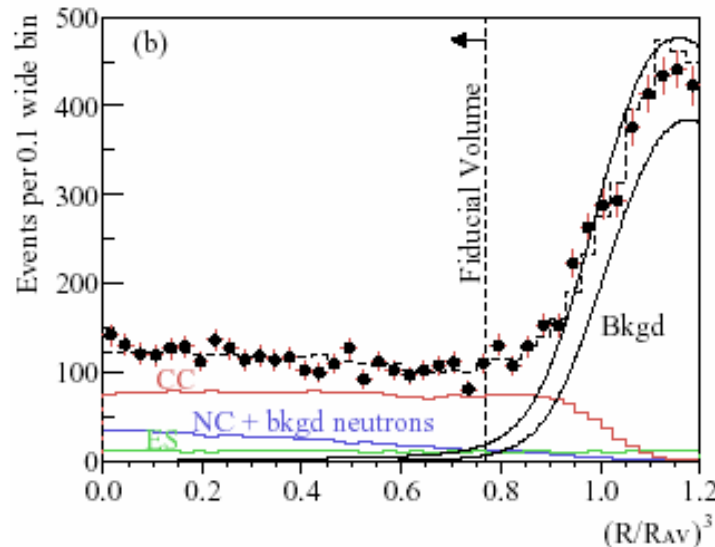
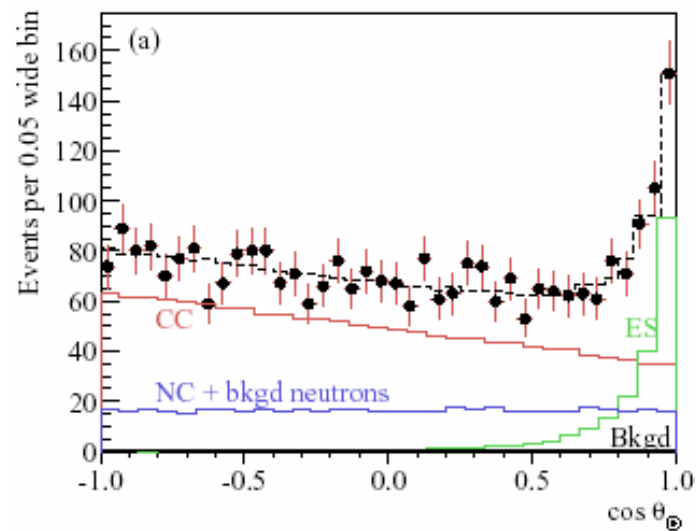
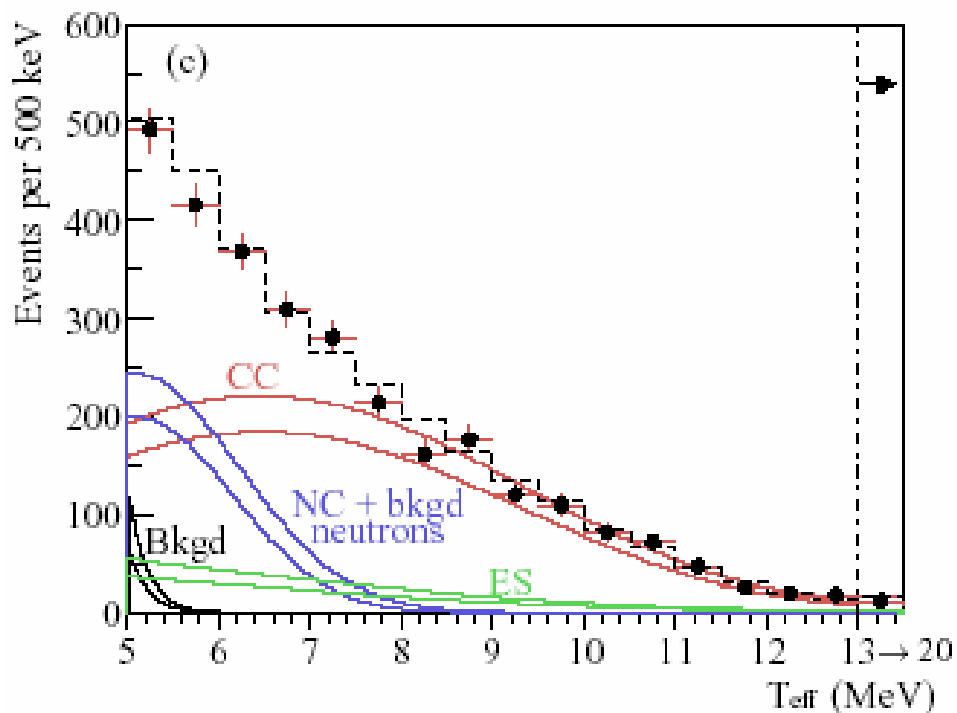
➔ Can use derived observables (R^3 , $\cos\theta_{\text{sun}}$, and E) to produce pdfs.



➔ Max. Likelihood fit for relative signal amplitudes

SNO Phase I Signal Fits

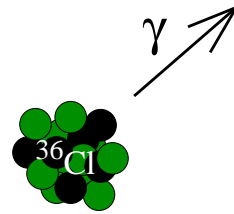
Undistorted ^8B spectral shape assumed, except for bin-by-bin extraction above 7.25 MeV



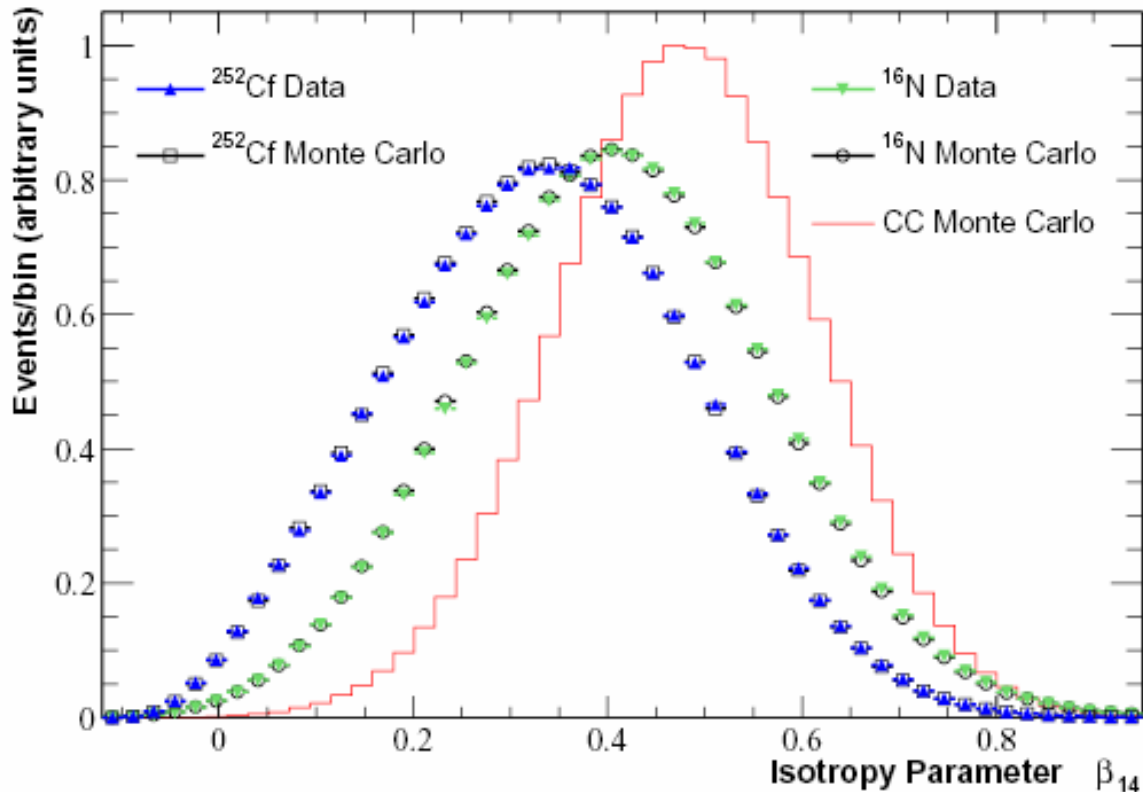
SNO Phase II (Salt Phase)

➤ Advantages of NaCl: Event Isotropy

γ multiplicity means PMT hit pattern for neutron events more isotropic than for single Cerenkov electrons

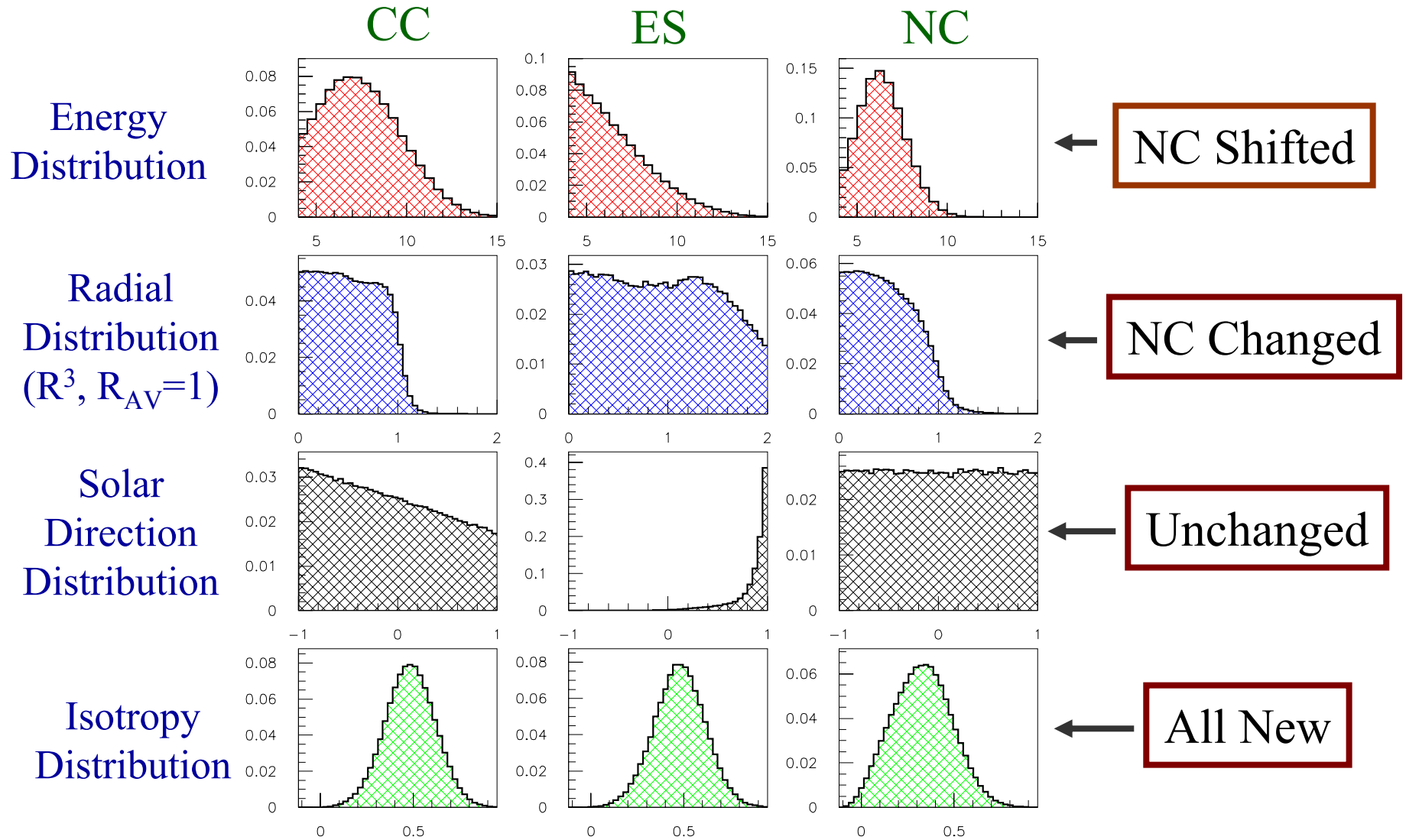


~2–4 gammas
totalling 8.6 MeV



SNO Phase II (Salt Phase)

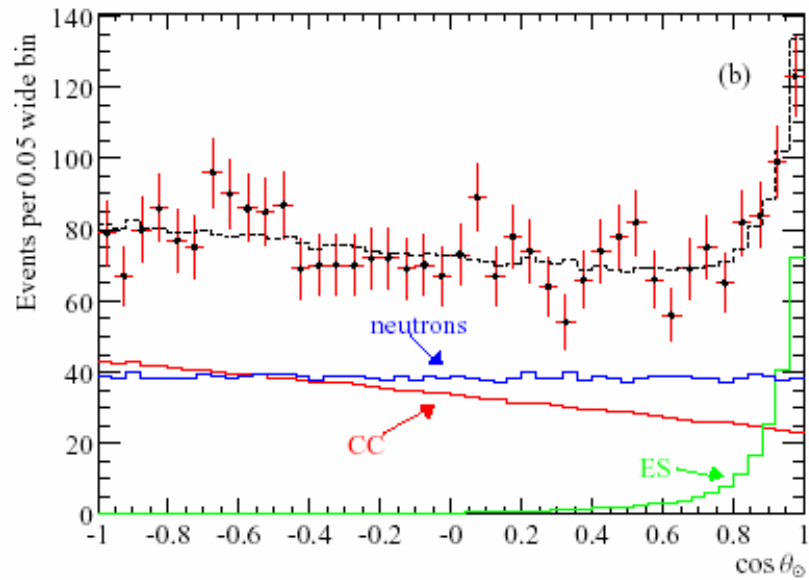
➤ Advantages of NaCl: Signal Extraction



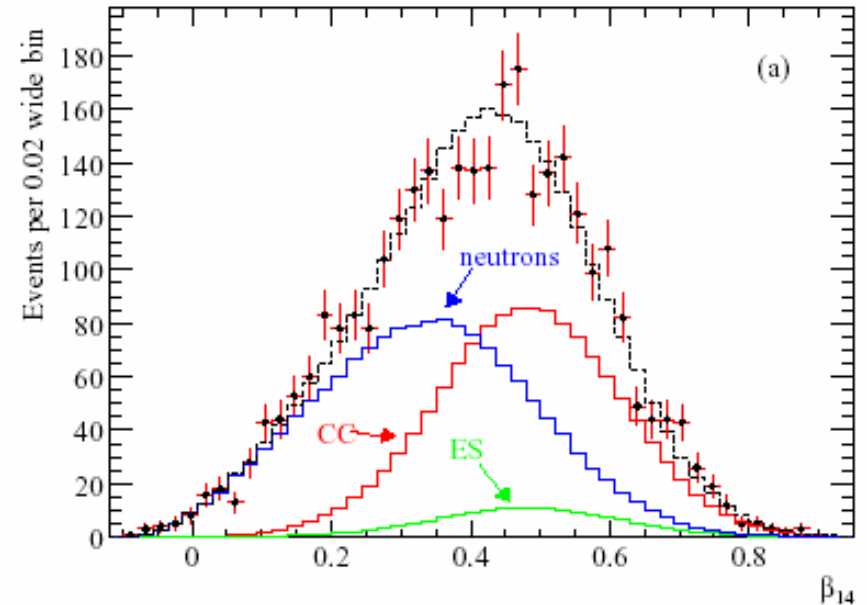
➔ *Covariances between Isotropy and Energy actually require 2D PDFs*

SNO Phase II Signal Fits

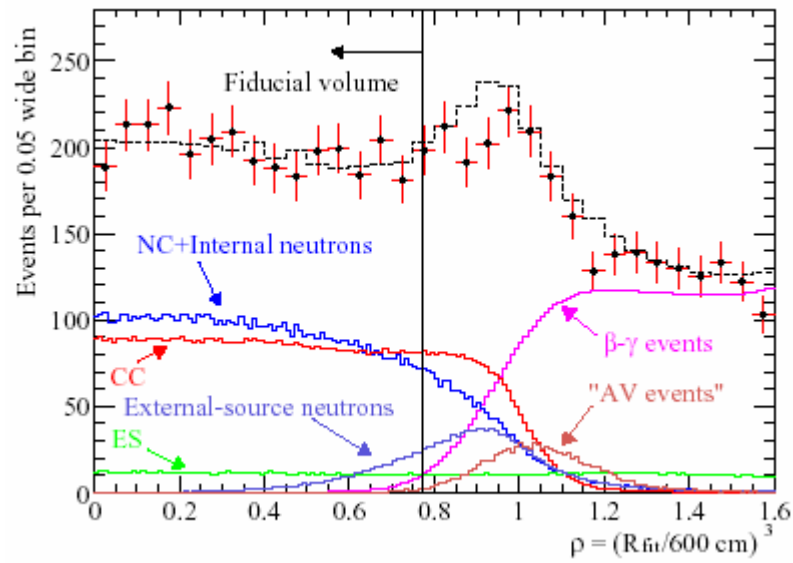
Solar Direction



Isotropy



Now entire analysis can be done bin-by-bin.



First Phase II Results

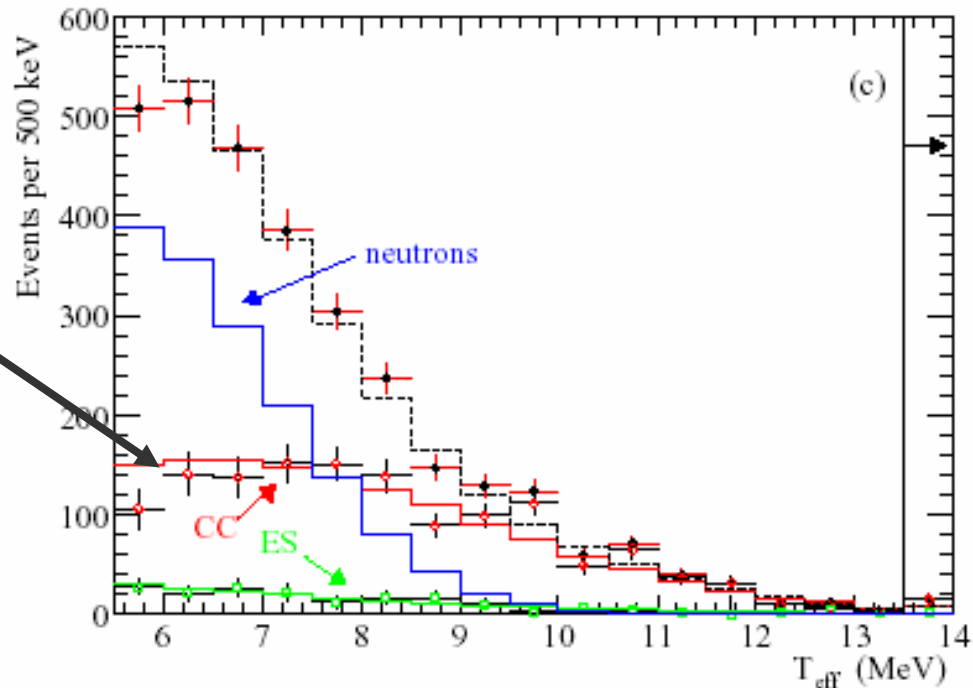
➤ Flux Measurements (units $10^6 \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$)

$$\phi_{\text{CC}}^{\text{SNO}} = 1.59^{+0.08}_{-0.07}(\text{stat})^{+0.06}_{-0.08}(\text{syst})$$

$$\phi_{\text{ES}}^{\text{SNO}} = 2.21^{+0.31}_{-0.26}(\text{stat}) \pm 0.10(\text{syst})$$

$$\phi_{\text{NC}}^{\text{SNO}} = 5.21 \pm 0.27(\text{stat}) \pm 0.38(\text{syst})$$

Still not really a spectrum



Upcoming Phase II Results

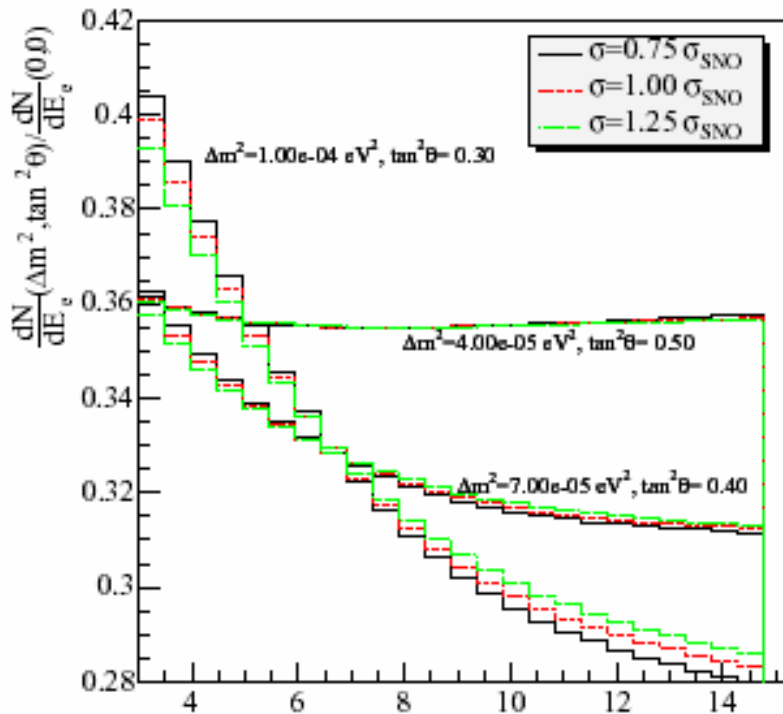
- Roughly 50% more data (391 live-days)
- First spectrum with all differential sys. uncertainties
- New Day/Night asymmetry result
- 'Full' details (~40 pp)
- ('Long' paper detailing Phase I results starting internal editing and review process ~70 pp)

SNO Low Threshold Analysis

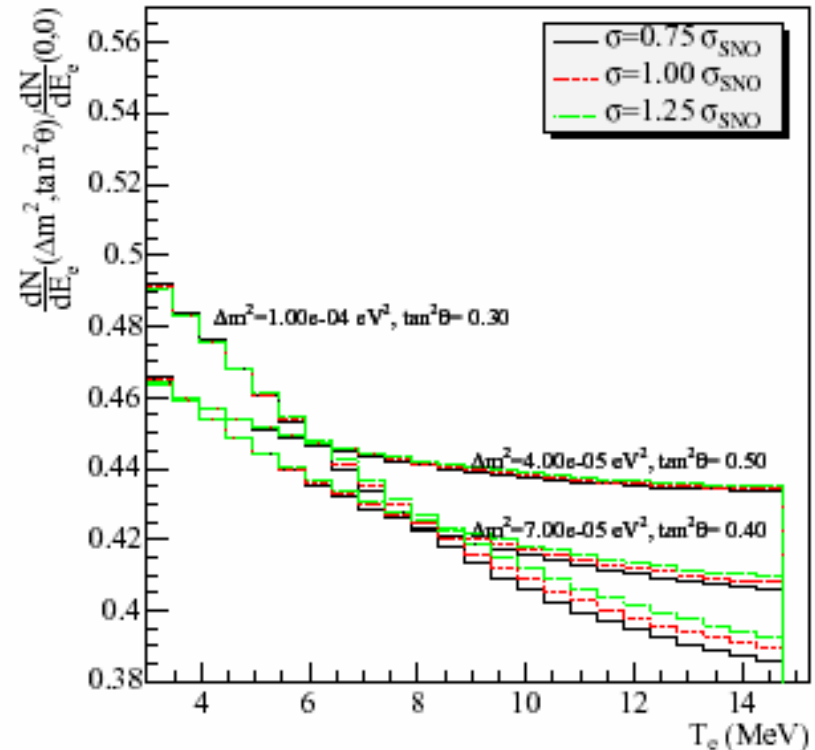
Work underway to push threshold on Phase I+II data to $T > 4$ MeV

Predictions for SNO response for various MSW solns:

Charged Current Electrons



ES Electrons



SNO Phase III (NCD Phase)

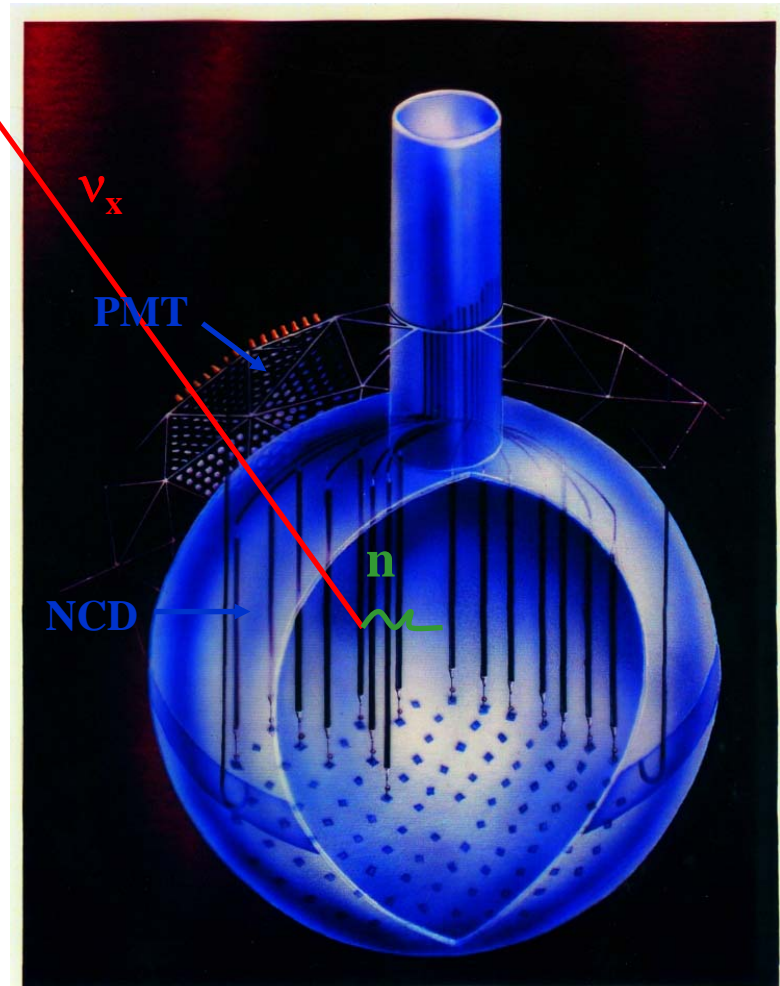
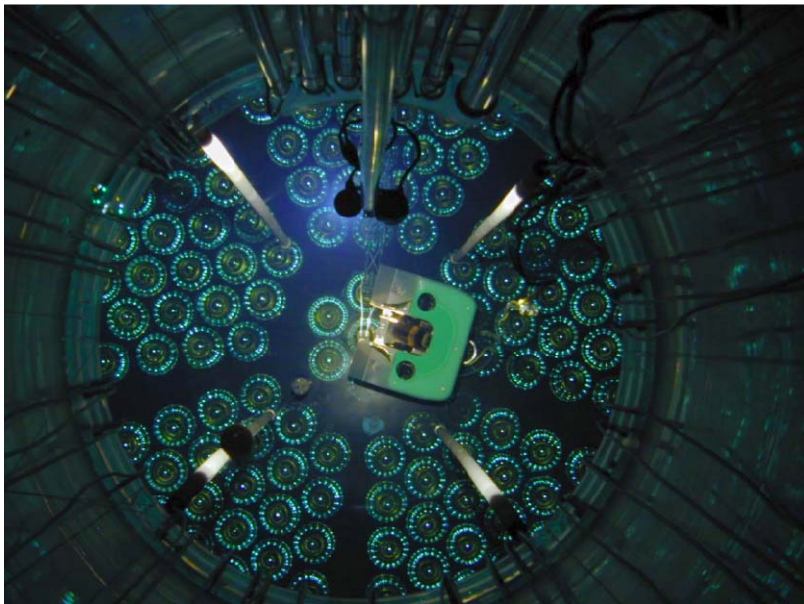
➤ ^3He Proportional Counters

Array of ^3He counters

40 Strings on 1-m grid

440 m total active length

Detection Principle



Production data taking began Dec 2004

SNO Phase III (NCD Phase)

➤ Physics Motivation---Energy Spectrum

- **CC and NC separation in pure D₂O had big covariances (>90% correlations)**
- **Salt phase broke covariance with isotropy, but additional neutrons dilute CC signal**

	Correlation Coefficient		
	D ₂ O	Salt	³ He
CC,NC	-0.950	-0.521	~0
NC,ES	-0.297	-0.064	~0
CC,ES	-0.208	-0.156	~ -0.2

- **Third phase has best of both worlds**
 - **³He (‘NCD’) counters absorb neutrons**
 - **Independently constrain remainder**
 - **And can be applied retroactively**

Conclusions

- Starting to look at 'precision' tests of the new neutrino model
 - KamLAND + SNO + Super-K + BOREXINO +???
- Upcoming SNO results will contain first 'precision' SNO spectrum and new Day/Night asymmetry results
- Further work to lower SNO energy threshold, test model further
- SNO Phase III likely to highest precision low threshold ^8B measurement

